IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (currently amended) A method of <u>for</u> processing communication traffic, <u>said method</u> comprising:

detecting an anomaly in the communication traffic within a communication network;

in response to a detection of an anomaly occurred in said communication traffic, applying a first blocking measure A, a blocking measure A & B, and a blocking measure A & !B to the anomalous said communication traffic for stopping said anomaly that stops the anomalous traffic;

determining whether or not said anomaly reoccurs after said blocking measure A & B has been temporarily removed;

in response to a determination that said anomaly does not reoccur, canceling said block measure A & B from being applied to said communication traffic and enforcing said blocking measure A & !B on said communication traffic; and

in response to a determination that said anomaly reoccurs, reimposing said blocking measure A & B on said communication traffic and temporarily removing said blocking measure A & !B from said communication determining a second blocking measure B such that application of a logical combination of the first blocking measure A and the second blocking measure B to the anomalous traffic stops the anomalous traffic.

2. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein <u>method further includes</u> determining the second blocking measure B comprises:

determining whether or not said anomaly reoccurs after said blocking measure A & !B had been temporarily removed;

in response to a determination that said anomaly does not reoccur, canceling said block measure A & !B from being applied to said communication traffic and enforcing said blocking measure A & B on said communication traffic applying a logical combination of A and the second blocking measure B given by (A & !B) to the anomalous traffic, wherein the logical combination (A & !B) is a less restrictive blocking measure than a logical combination (A & B); and

in response to a determination that said anomaly reoccurs, reimposing said block measure A on said communication enforcing the logical combination (A & !B) if the logical combination (A & !B) stops the anomalous traffic.

- 3. (currently amended) The method of Claim 2 1, wherein said blocking measure A & !B is a less restrictive blocking measure than said blocking measure A & B further comprising: determining a third blocking measure C such that application of a logical combination of (A & !B) and the third blocking measure C to the anomalous traffic stops the anomalous traffic if the logical combination (A & !B) stops the anomalous-traffic.
- 4. (currently amended) The method of Claim 2 1, wherein said detecting further includes detecting a pattern in a value of at least one protocol field associated with said communication determining the second blocking measure B further comprises:

applying a logical combination (A & B) to the anomalous traffic if the logical combination (A & !B) does not stop the anomalous traffic; and

enforcing the logical combination (Λ & B) if the logical combination (Λ & B) stops the anomalous traffic.

5. (currently amended) The method of Claim 4 1, wherein said detecting further includes detecting whether or not a flow rate of said anomalous traffic has exceeded a predetermined threshold comprising:

determining a third blocking measure C such that application of a logical combination of (A & B) and the third blocking measure C to the anomalous traffic stops the anomalous traffic if the logical combination (A & B) stops the anomalous traffic.

6-27. canceled.

28. (new) A computer readable medium having a computer program product for processing communication traffic, said computer readable medium comprising:

computer program code for detecting an anomaly in communication traffic within a communication network;

computer program code for, in response to a detection of an anomaly occurred in said communication traffic, applying a blocking measure A, a blocking measure A & B, and a blocking measure A & !B to said communication traffic for stopping said anomaly;

computer program code for determining whether or not said anomaly reoccurs after said blocking measure A & B has been temporarily removed;

computer program code for, in response to a determination that said anomaly does not reoccur, canceling said block measure A & B from being applied to said communication traffic and enforcing said blocking measure A & !B on said communication traffic; and

computer program code for, in response to a determination that said anomaly reoccurs, reimposing said blocking measure A & B on said communication traffic and temporarily removing said blocking measure A & !B from said communication traffic.

29. (new) The computer readable medium of Claim 28, wherein computer readable medium further includes:

computer program code for determining whether or not said anomaly reoccurs after said blocking measure A & !B had been temporarily removed;

computer program code for, in response to a determination that said anomaly does not reoccur, canceling said block measure A & !B from being applied to said communication traffic and enforcing said blocking measure A & B on said communication traffic; and

computer program code for, in response to a determination that said anomaly reoccurs, reimposing said block measure A on said communication traffic.

- 30. (new) The computer readable medium of Claim 28, wherein said blocking measure A & !B is a less restrictive blocking measure than said blocking measure A & B.
- 31. (new) The computer readable medium of Claim 28, wherein said computer program code for detecting further includes computer program code for detecting a pattern in a value of at least one protocol field associated with said communication traffic.
- 32. (new) The computer readable medium of Claim 28, wherein said computer program code for detecting further includes computer program code for detecting whether or not a flow rate of said anomalous traffic has exceeded a predetermined threshold.